Building Capacity of the California Wetland Program to Protect & Restore Vernal Pools

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San Francisco Estuary Institute-Aquatic Science Center (SFEI-ASC) Vollmar Natural Lands Consulting, Inc. Carol W. Witham Consulting



Project Goal

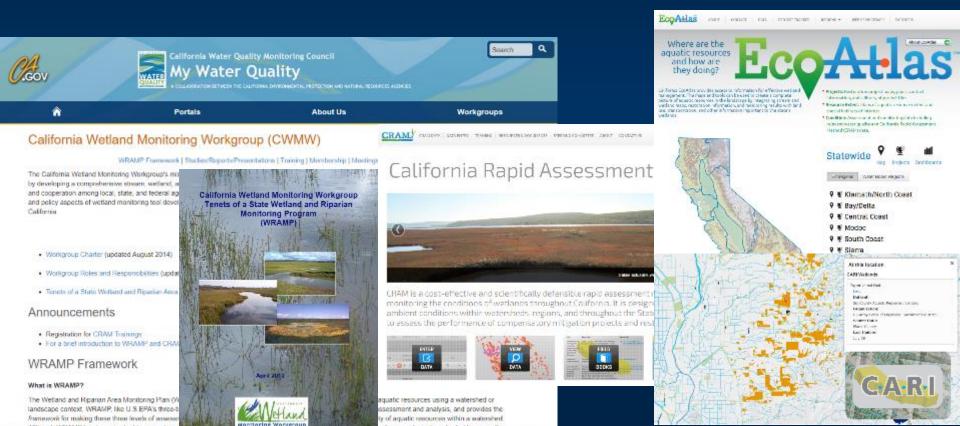
Develop tools to support monitoring and assessment of Vernal Pool Systems at a Landscape Scale







Project Background



Project Team

San Francisco Estuary Institute-Aquatic Science Center (SFEI-ASC) Sarah Lowe, Sarah Pearce, Cristina Grosso, Josh Collins, Lawrence Sim, Shira Bezalel, and Gemma Shusterman

Vollmar Natural Lands Consulting, Inc.

Cassie Pinnell, John Vollmar, Ivy Poisson, Eric Smith, Misaki Yonashiro

Carol W. Witham Consulting

Carol Witham and Bob Holland

Project Tasks



Level 1 - Update the geospatial dataset for vernal pools in the GCV

Level 2 - Rapid Assessment of Condition using CRAM

- Conduct an ambient baseline survey
- Develop a Habitat Development Curve



Outreach - Make the information publicly accessible

- Upload the Vernal Pool areas to the EcoAtlas basemap
- Add Vernal Pool CRAM data, CDF and HDC to EcoAtlas
- Add vernal pool projects in Project Tracker in EcoAtlas
- Presentation to stakeholders

California Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands (CRAM)

What *is* CRAM?

- CRAM is a field-based "walk and talk" diagnostic assessment tool.
- It provides rapid, repeatable, numeric assessment of the *overall condition* of a wetland (capacity or potential of a wetland to provide the functions and services expected).
- Assessments use visible indicators of wetland form, structure, and setting, relative to the least impacted reference condition.
- Provides a common language

Peer Review

- Rapid Assessment in California (Sutula et al. 2006)
- Mitigation project review (Ambrose et al. 2005, 2006)
- USACE ERDC Review (2008)
- CRAM Validation (Stein et al. 2009)
- State Water Board peer review (2009-12)
- SWAMP Endorsement (March 2013)

Geographic Scope of CRAM All Wetland Types in California

- Riverine Wetlands
 - Confined and Non-Confined
 - Tidal Riverine
 - Episodic
- Depressional Wetlands
 - Perennial/Seasonal Depressions
 - Vernal Pools
 - Playas
- Lakes

- Estuarine Wetlands
 - Saline and Non-Saline
 - Bar-built (Seasonal)
- Slope Wetlands
 - Channeled and Non-Channeled Meadows
 - Seeps/Springs
 - Forested Slope



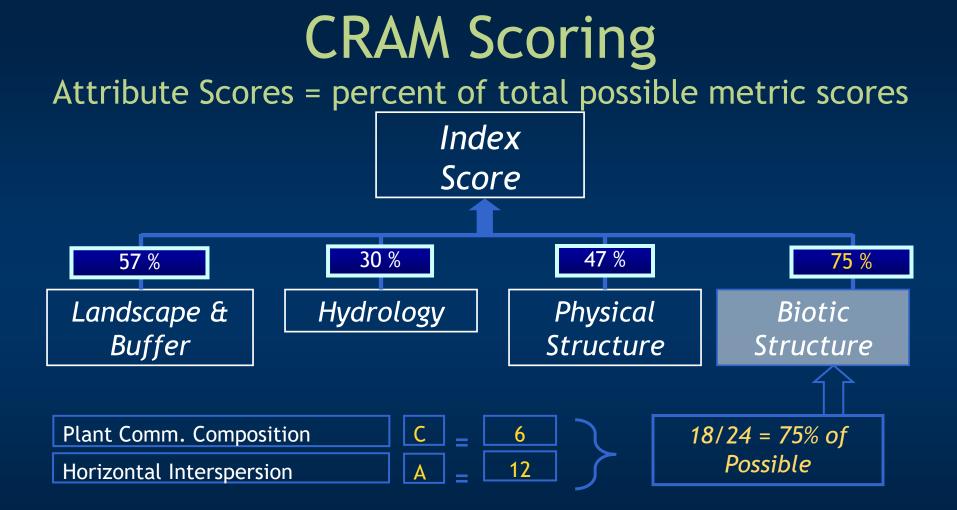
CRAM Structure- Vernal Pool

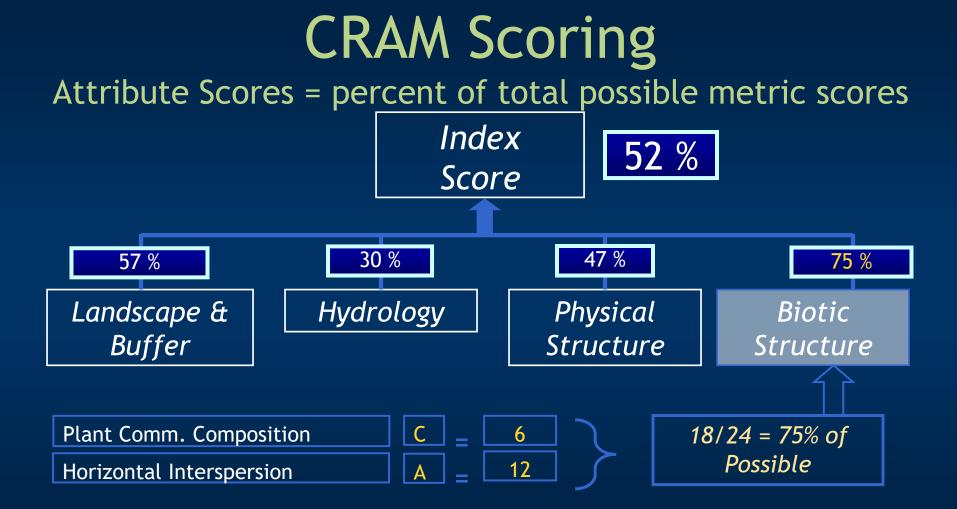
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- For all wetland types, CRAM recognizes 4 *attributes* of wetland condition (consistent across all modules).
- Each attribute is represented by 2-3 metrics, some of which have submetrics.
- 4 mutually exclusive alternative states
- Scores range from 25-100

erall lex ore	Attributes		Metrics and Submetrics	
	Buffer and Landscape Context		Aquatic Area Abundance	
			Buffer:	
			Percent of AA with Buffer	
			Average Buffer Width	
			Buffer Condition	
	Hydrology		Water Source	
			Hydroperiod	
			Hydrologic Connectivity	
	Structure	Physical	Structural Patch Richness	
			Pool and Swale Density	
			Topographic Complexity	
		Biotic	Horizontal Interspersion and Zonation	
			Plant Community Composition:	
			Number of Co-dominant Species	
			Percent Non-native Species	
			Endemic Species Richness	





Complex Ecological Relationships

- Aquatic Area Abundance
- Structural Patch Richness
- Plant community composition





Index Score: 63

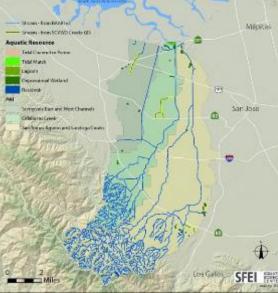
Index Score: 92

How can CRAM be used?

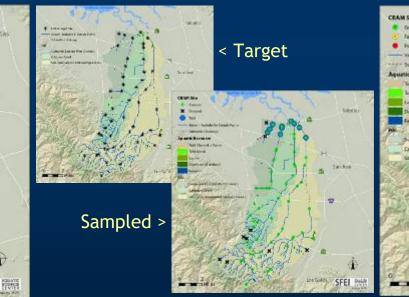
- Ambient survey assessments
- Project assessments
- Wide variety of other uses, including:
 - Estimating scores in the past and in the future (hindcast and forecast). Can help with visioning.
 - Data mining- can use EcoAtlas to explore and download publically available CRAM assessments.
 - Expand information on condition over a large area where
 L3 data collection is cost prohibitive

Ambient Surveys

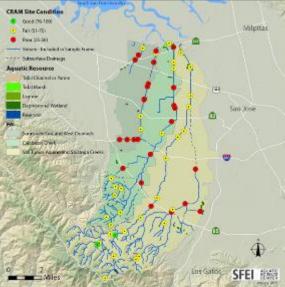
- Spatially balanced probability surveys identify the overall condition of wetlands within a particular region, and allow for comparison between regions.
- L-1 Digital Map



Sample Draw

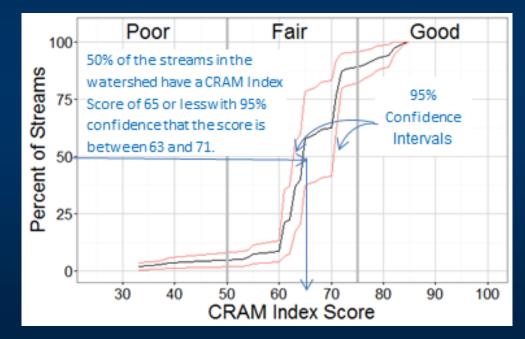


L-2 Condition Assessment



Ambient Surveys

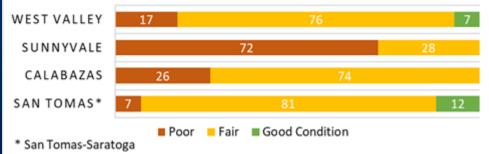
• A CRAM probability survey outputs a cumulative distribution function estimate (CDF) of the condition of the assessed wetland across the surveyed area with a known level of confidence.

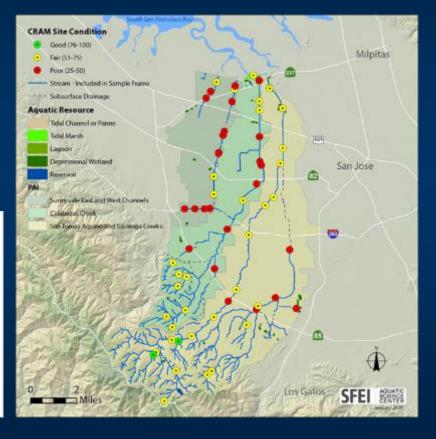


Ambient Surveys

- Compare condition among regions
- Identify where to focus restoration/ preservation efforts
- Help managers think about restoration goals in a watershed or landscape context





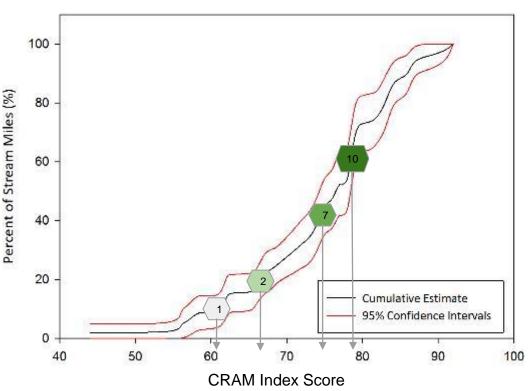


Support Wetland Projects

- Evaluate and track the overall ecological condition within the Project footprint.
- Assist with evaluating impact avoidance and minimization
- Characterize reference sites and reference ranges for projects
- Evaluate if projects are are performing as expected by using regional habitat development curves (HDCs)

Plotting project condition scores on the local CDF curve

Watershed CDF



Where does the Project Condition fall in relation to the overall watershed CDF curve?

Example Project X: Year 1 = 63 (in the bottom 17th percentile) Year 2 = 67 (23rd percentile) Year 7 = 75 (42nd percentile) Year 10 = 78 (above the 50th percentile)

Evaluate if projects are are performing as expected by using regional habitat development curves (HDCs)

Estuarine Wetland HDC Curve

CRAM Index Score o

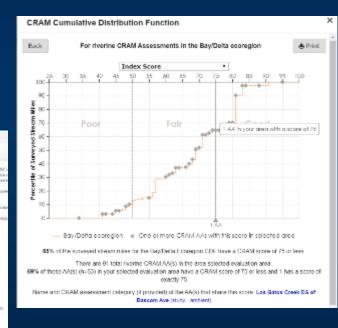
100 -Score 95% Confidence Interval Reference Mean --- Reference Mean ± StDev Habitat Development Curve Project A 75. Project B 50 Wetland Age (Years) 25 -20 40 60 80 100 12040

CRAM CDFs and HDCs are Tools Accessible on EcoAtlas

EcoAtlas is a statewide website, endorsed by the CWMW, that supports local and state regulatory agencies and the public with wetland monitoring and assessment data and other spatial datasets.







www.ecoatlas.org

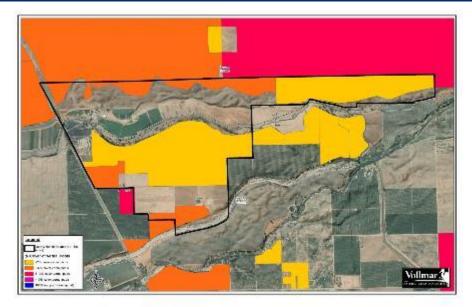
Status of the Vernal Pool Project

Work in Progress

• Level-1: Update the geodatabase of vernal pool areas in GCV

% Cover of Vernal Pools

Density of Vernal Pools





Work in Progress

• Level-2: Rapid Assessment employing CRAM

Ambient Survey and CDF estimate for Vernal Pool Systems in Great Central Valley Region in California



Google Earth

©2020 Google Inage Landset / Copernicus Dete MBARI Dete SIO, NOAA, U.S. Nevy, NGA, GEBCO

(238)

880

680

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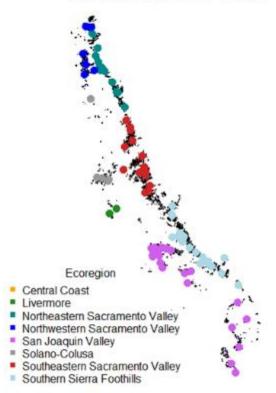
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Spatially Balanced Probabilistic Survey

EPA's generalized random tessellation stratified (GRTS) survey design and analysis package in 'R' to develop a sample draw

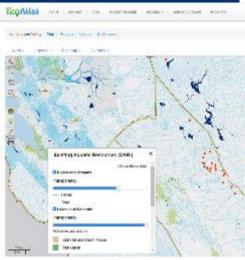
- Unstratified across all the ecoregions
- Target 80 assessment sites across the region
- 4x oversample draw

All Regions in GCV Unstratifed, equal probablity (n=80) v03.2 (4x Oversample; seed = 5096))



Ambient Survey

- Fieldwork in progress
- 2020 Data entry into eCRAM complete



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Remaining Work



Level-1

Finalize the Vernal Pool area geodatabase



Level-2

Complete the ambient baseline survey & CDF Develop a Habitat Development Curve (HDC)



Make the information publicly available on

Present to stakeholders

