CZM Programs and Wetlands Monitoring and Assessment

A Review of Legislative Mandates and the Massachusetts Experience

Coastal Zone Act Reauthorization Amendments of 1990

- Created requirements for Coastal Nonpoint Control Programs
- Joint implementation and coordination by EPA and NOAA
- Develop a Plan with enforceable measures for 56 identified management measures
- Monitoring and assessment required for tracking

 NPS categories included sources of pollution from urban, forestry, agriculture, marinas, and hydromodification sources AND FOR WETLAND PROTECTION!

 States were required to develop plans to address sources and to provide an enforceable mechanism, for approval by EPA and NOAA

Wetlands Protection Measures

- Protect wetlands from adverse effects where they serve a NPS abatement function and protect this and other functions as measured by biology, chemistry, and physical characteristics
- Promote restoration of pre-existing functions in damaged or destroyed wetlands
- Promote engineered vegetative treatment such as constructed wetlands to serve abatement function

Issues to be addressed:

- What are the functions we are interested in?
- How do we define damage?
- How do we monitor and track success and failure?

Massachusetts Approach

- Develop and submit Plan for joint EPA and NOAA approval
- Implement the measures where we identify a role for MA CZM
- Secured a research grant from NOAA's Coastal Services Center
- Participation in NBAWWG beginning in 1997
- Current joint efforts with MA DEP and UMass